

always	around	because	been	before
best	both	buy	call	cold
do	does	don't	fast	first
five	found	gave	goes	green
its	made	many	off	or
pull	read	right	sing	sit
sleep	tell	their	these	those
upon	us	use	very	wash
which	why	wish	work	would
write	Your			

Extension words

about, better, bring, carry, clean, cut,
done, draw, drink, eight, fall, far, full, got,
grow, hold, hot, hurt, if, keep, kind, laugh,
light, long, much, myself, never, only, own,
pick, seven, shall, show, six, small, start,
ten, today, together, try, warm

Dolch Second Grade Cloze Activity 1

Name: _____

Write the best word on the line.

1. (Why, See, Upon) \ \ \ \ \ did you pull its tail?

2. Did they (in, out, write) \ \ \ \ \ a letter to the right one, or not?

3. These hats are the best you can (big, buy, can) \ \ \ \ \ .

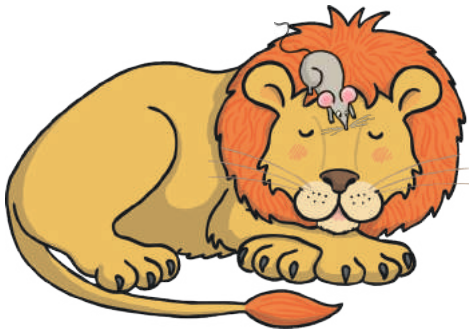
4. Does he jump (call, off, sleep) \ \ \ \ \ those stairs?

5. Because it is cold, she said he (call, buy, would) \ \ \ \ \ need a hat.

6. She will (sit, big, red) \ \ \ \ \ in the very first chair.

7. I wish I could (sleep, black, red) \ \ \ \ \ at your house.

The Lion and the Mouse



One day, a lion was asleep in the wood. A mouse came along. The mouse didn't see the lion and ran across the lion's nose.

The lion woke up. He was cross with the mouse. "You woke me up!" he roared.

The mouse was scared. "Please let me go!" said the mouse. "If you let me go, I will repay you one day!"

"You are funny!" said the lion. "How could a mouse help a lion?"

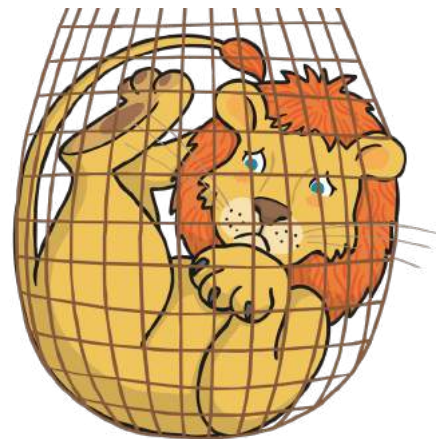
The lion laughed and let the mouse go home.

Some days later, the lion was caught in a hunter's net. He couldn't get out.

The lion roared in anger.

The mouse heard the lion and ran to the net.

The mouse saw the lion and had an idea. She chewed on the net until it broke and the lion fell out. The lion was free.



"Even a mouse can help a lion!" said the mouse.

From that day, the mouse and the lion became friends.

A kindness is never wasted.



The Lion and the Mouse Questions

1. Who are the characters in the story? Tick two.

- a mouse
- a badger
- a fox
- a lion

2. Why did the lion wake up? Tick one.

- The mouse ran across his nose.
- He was hungry.
- It was morning.

3. Why was the mouse scared? Tick one.

- She didn't like lions.
- She thought the lion would eat her.
- The lion surprised her.

4. How did the mouse help the lion? Tick one.

- She brought him some food.
- She sang a song to cheer him up.
- She chewed through the net to let him go.

5. What is the message in the story? Tick one.

- Look where you are going.
- A kindness is never wasted.
- Listen to others.

The Lion and the Mouse



One day, a proud lion was asleep in the wood, his head resting on his paws. A timid mouse came along. The mouse didn't see the lion and ran across the lion's nose.

The lion woke up from his nap. He was cross with the mouse. "You woke me up!" he roared and laid his paw on the mouse, ready to gobble her up.

The mouse was scared. "Please let me go!" begged the mouse. "If you let me go, I will repay you one day!"

"You are funny!" said the lion. "How could a mouse help a lion?"

The lion laughed at the idea that a mouse could ever help him. But he was generous and let the mouse go.

Some days later, the lion was caught in a hunter's net. Unable to get out, the lion roared in anger. The mouse remembered the lion's voice and ran quickly to the net.

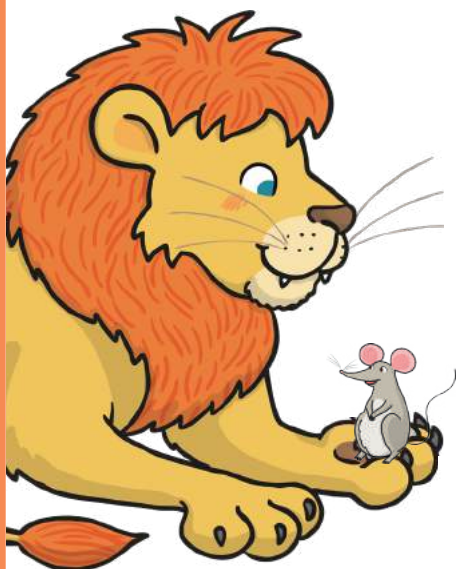


The mouse saw the lion struggling in the net and had an idea. She gnawed on the net until it broke and the lion was able to escape. The lion was free.

"Even a mouse can help a lion!" declared the tiny mouse.

From that day on, the mouse and the lion became friends forever.

A kindness is never wasted.



The Lion and the Mouse Questions

1. Why did the mouse run across the lion's nose? Tick one.

- She didn't see the lion.
- She wanted to surprise the lion.
- She thought it would be fun.

2. Why did the lion think the mouse was funny? Tick one.

- because she was dressed as a clown
- because she told him a joke
- because he thought a mouse could never help a lion

3. Why did the mouse run quickly to the net? Tick one.

- because she was in a hurry
- because she heard the lion's voice
- because she was nosy

4. Complete the sentences. One has already been done for you.

The mouse didn't see the lion

and had an idea.

The mouse saw the lion
struggling in the net

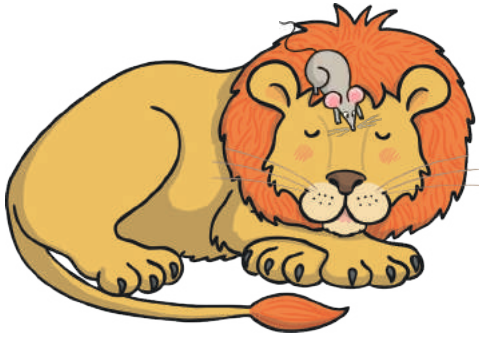
became friends forever.

The mouse and the lion

and ran across his nose.

5. What is the moral of the story?

The Lion and the Mouse

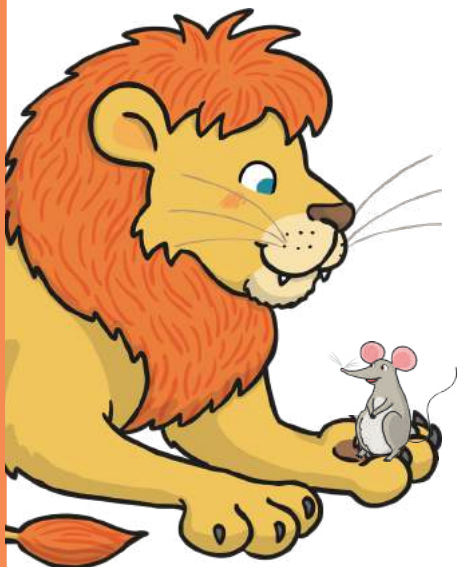


One day, a proud lion was asleep in the wood, his great head resting on his paws. A timid mouse came upon him unexpectedly, and in her fright and haste to get away, ran across the lion's nose.

Roused from his nap, the lion laid his huge paw angrily on the tiny creature, ready to gobble her up.

"Spare me!" begged the poor mouse. "Please let me go and someday I will surely repay you!" The lion was amused to think that a mouse could ever help. But he was generous and finally let the mouse go.

Some days later, whilst stalking his prey in the forest, the lion was caught in a hunter's net. Unable to free himself, he filled the forest with his angry roaring. The mouse knew the voice and quickly found the lion struggling in his net.



Running to one of the great ropes that bound him, she gnawed it until it parted and soon, the lion was free. "You laughed when I said I would repay you," said the mouse. "Now you see that even a mouse can help a lion."

A kindness is never wasted.

The Lion and the Mouse Questions

1. The first line of the story is:

'One day, a proud lion was asleep in the wood, his great head resting on his paws.'

Which words in this sentence are adjectives?

2. Why did the lion want to kill the mouse? Tick one.

- She had woken him from his nap.
- He didn't like mice.
- He wasn't a very nice lion.

3. Why did the mouse go to help the lion?

4. At the beginning of the story, the mouse is described as timid. In your opinion, is the mouse still timid at the end of the story? Why do you think this?

5. The moral of the story is 'A kindness is never wasted.' What else can we learn from the story?

Monday Mentals - Week 10

What number is before?

_____ 102 _____ 133

_____ 154 _____ 129

What number is after?

100 _____ 109 _____

119 _____ 129 _____

Fill in the missing numbers in these word problems.

7 + _____ = 11 5 + _____ = 9

16 - _____ = 11 18 - _____ = 13

Double these numbers.

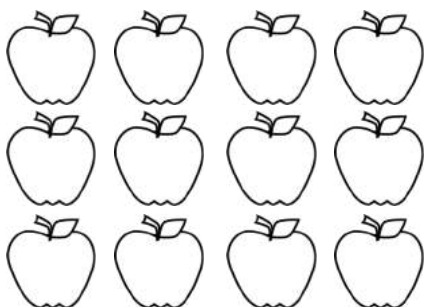
9 + 9 = _____ 8 + 8 = _____

7 + 7 = _____ 10 + 10 = _____

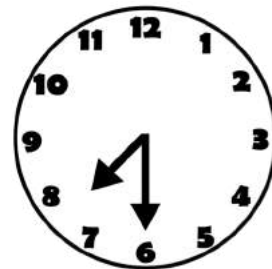
Fill in the missing numbers

	20	30		
60		80		100

Shade one half of the group of apples.



What time is shown on the clock?



_____ : _____

What will the time be one hour later?

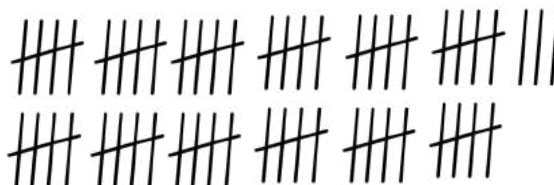
Complete the "friends of 10" sums"

5 + _____ = 10 4 + _____ = 10

6 + _____ = 10 2 + _____ = 10

0 + _____ = 10 9 + _____ = 10

How many does the tally show?



Count backwards by 10:

70 _____

50 _____

Write the expanded form for these numbers.

88 = _____ + _____

60 = _____ + _____

12 = _____ + _____

Week 10 – Art

Spring Hairdos

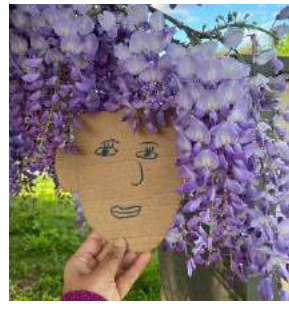
Resources: A piece of A4 size paper or cardboard (an old cereal box would be perfect), textas or pencils, scissors.

Step 1 – Draw an outline of a face **without the hair** onto a piece of cardboard. Make sure you plan your work by drawing the outline of your face with your finger first to ensure it fits the size of the paper.



Step 2 – Cut around the outline of your drawing.

Step 3 – Take your face picture outside into your yard and place it against some flowers, plants, weeds or other interesting natural things to make it look like your face has hair. Remember there is no need to pick the flowers.



Step 4 – If you can take some photos to share with your class.

Dolch Second Grade Cloze Activity 2

Name: _____

Write the best word on the line.

1. Before school, she found (thing, thank, their) \ \ \ \ \ ball under the table.

2. Did they write a letter to the (for, right, pull) \ \ \ \ \ one, or not?

3. Don't (sing, wish, sit) \ \ \ \ \ upon the big bed.

4. They (gave, read, walk) \ \ \ \ \ us five cold drinks.

5. Does the radio (wish, been, work) \ \ \ \ \ in your car?

6. Does the radio work in (sit, your, both) \ \ \ \ \ car?

7. Did they write a letter to the right one, (or, pull, of) \ \ \ \ \ not?

Amazing Antarctica

Where Is Antarctica?



Antarctica is the area of land that is the furthest south in the world. It contains the South Pole. It is the coldest place on Earth.

Antarctic Animals

Lots of different animals live in Antarctica.



Emperor penguins are the biggest penguins in the world. They are only found in Antarctica. They keep themselves warm by huddling together in big groups.

Fur seals have thick fur to protect them from the cold. They also have a thick layer of fat under their skin to keep them warm.



Orcas are sometimes called 'killer whales' but they are actually a type of dolphin. They eat seals, penguins, squid, sharks and even whales.

"Emperor Penguins" by Christopher Michel is licensed under CC BY 2.0

Questions

1. Where is Antarctica? Tick **one**.

- It is the furthest north.
- It is the furthest south.
- It is the furthest east.

2. Which of these animals live in Antarctica? Tick **two**.

- emperor penguins
- orcas
- monkeys

3. How do emperor penguins keep themselves warm? Tick **one**.

- They huddle together.
- They eat warm meals.
- They wear jumpers.

4. What do fur seals have a thick layer of under their skin? Tick **one**.

- bones
- blood
- fat

5. What are orcas sometimes called? Tick **one**.

- killer whales
- funny whales
- water whales

Amazing Antarctica

Where Is Antarctica?



Antarctica is a continent (a large solid area of land). It is the furthest south in the world. It is surrounded by the Southern Ocean.

Antarctica is about 50 times the size of the UK.

Antarctic Animals

Lots of different animals live in Antarctica. They have all developed special features to help them to survive in very cold temperatures.



Emperor penguins are the largest penguins in the world. Emperor penguins have special fat layers in their feet to keep them from freezing. They also have strong claws to help them grip the ice.

Fur seals have thick fur to protect them from the cold. They also have a thick layer of fat, called blubber, under their skin to keep them warm.



Orcas have a large heart which helps to pump lots of warm blood around their body. They also have a thick layer of blubber under their skin to keep them warm.

What Is It Like in Antarctica?

Antarctica is the coldest place on Earth and almost the whole continent is always covered in ice. Because of the extremely cold temperatures, no people live in Antarctica permanently. There are also parts where no rain ever falls.

"Emperor Penguins" by Christopher Michel is licensed under [CC BY 2.0](#)

Questions

1. What is a continent? Tick one.

- a large country
 a large solid area of land
 a place covered in ice

2. How big is Antarctica? Tick one.

- 50 times the size of the UK
 50 times the size of the USA
 2 times the size of the UK

3. Why have the animals in Antarctica developed special features?

4. Draw a line to match up the boxes to complete the sentences.

Lots of different animals

penguins in the world.

There are also parts where

live in Antarctica.

Emperor penguins
are the largest

no rain ever falls.

5. Complete this sentence.

Antarctica is the _____ place on Earth.

sunniest

warmest

coldest

Amazing Antarctica

Where Is Antarctica?



Antarctica is a continent in the southern hemisphere. It is surrounded by the Southern Ocean.

Antarctica is the fifth largest continent in the world and is about 50 times the size of the UK.

Antarctic Animals

There are lots of different animals that live in Antarctica. They all have special adaptations (skills or features they have developed) which allow them to live in such cold temperatures. Many of these animals, such as seals and penguins, have a special layer of fat under their skin, called blubber. This helps to insulate their bodies and keep the heat in. Birds in Antarctica have to take special care of their eggs to prevent them from freezing before they hatch. Emperor penguins have a special flap of skin above their feet. Their egg (and then their chick, once it is hatched) sits under this flap, on top of their feet, to keep it off the cold ground.



A Cold Climate



Antarctica is the coldest place on Earth. The lowest temperature ever recorded here was -89°C but the average temperatures range from about 10°C to -60°C . Because it is so cold, over 98% of Antarctica is permanently covered in ice. The average thickness of this ice is about one mile!

People in Antarctica

No people permanently live in Antarctica because it is too cold for them to live there for a long time. Scientists take turns living there for short periods of time to study the ice and the animals. Tourists also sometimes visit in the summer. There are no towns or cities in Antarctica.

Fascinating Features

There are lots of different physical features in Antarctica. These include seas, mountains, valleys, islands, glaciers and even volcanoes. In fact, there are 138 volcanoes in Antarctica! However, only two of them are currently active. The most active is called Mount Erebus and it has been active for about 1.3 million years.



Did You Know?

Antarctica is home to the driest place on Earth. There are places in Antarctica which haven't had rain or snow in over 2 million years!

Questions

1. Which ocean is Antarctica surrounded by? Tick one.

- the Southern Ocean
- the Pacific Ocean
- the Atlantic Ocean

2. What do seals and penguins have that helps to insulate their bodies?

3. In your own words, explain what an animal **adaptation** is.

4. Draw a line to match the word to its meaning.

continent ●

a large solid area of land ●

insulate ●

remains unchanged for all time ●

permanently ●

prevents the loss of heat ●

5. Why aren't there any people living permanently in Antarctica?

6. Do you think it is easy to visit Antarctica? Why?

Tuesday Mentals - Week 10

What day comes after Thursday?

Which day is before Monday?

Count on from these numbers:

100 _____

109 _____

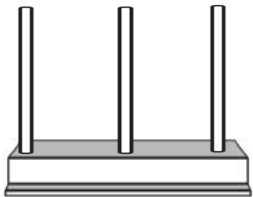
Solve these subtraction problems:

$9 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$ $7 - 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$10 - 2 = \underline{\quad}$ $6 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$14 + \underline{\quad} = 17$ $5 + \underline{\quad} = 11$

Show 134 on the abacus:



hundreds	tens	Ones

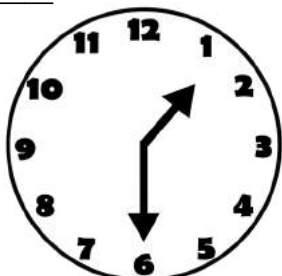
5 tens + 3 ones = 53, So

7 tens + 9 ones = _____

3 tens + 0 ones = _____

What time is on the clock?

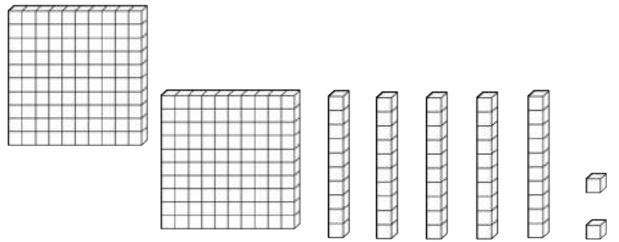
_____ : _____



Today is Tuesday, so tomorrow will be

Which month is before November?

How many?



hundreds	tens	Ones

Write the expanded form

_____ + _____ + _____ = _____

Circle the ODD numbers:

1	0	4	3	7
5	9	6	2	
8	11	15	13	

Write the number sentence to match the word problem:

Kristy had 3 flowers. She picked 7 more. How many flowers were in her bunch?

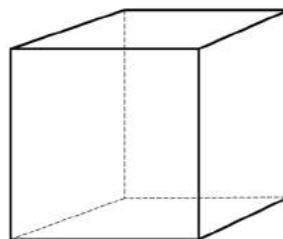
_____ + _____ = _____

Name: _____

Edges: _____

Corners: _____

Faces: _____



Name: _____

Digital Time

Write the digital time to match each analog clock face:

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8.



Name: _____

Analog Time

Draw the analog clock hands to match each digital time:

1.



3:15

2.



6:45

3.



10:15

4.



12:45

5.



1:15

6.



10:45

7.



3:45

8.

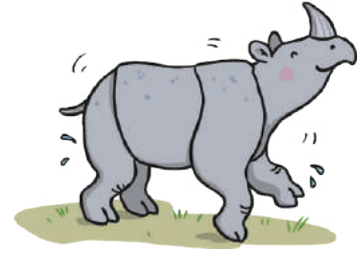


7:15

Ronald the Rhino

Ronald the Rhino is so big and strong.
In the Javan Forest is where he belongs.

His dusky grey skin is very well worn.
At the front of his head is a beautiful horn.



He eats fallen fruits from the damp forest floor,
But Ronald is sad; he longs for much more.

“Why am I special?” he says with a tear.
“I live by myself, I have no friends here.”

“All of the animals have a grand trait,
Something unique that makes them just great.”

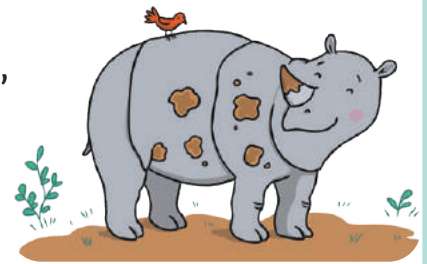
“I’ve got it!” he cries, with a smile on his face,
And he wiggles and jiggles all over the place.

“I’ll be a leopard with beautiful spots,
All yellowish fur and dark brownish dots.”

Ronald sets off to hatch out his plan,
And through the dense forest his eyes start to scan.

He soon finds some mud, all sticky and wet.
“Great!” Ronald says, “I’ll have my spots yet!”

He starts right away, painting on patches,
Using his horn to scoop mud up in batches.



As soon as he’s finished, he admires work,
But high in the trees, Leopard does lurk.



“What are you doing?” Leopard asks
with a grin.
“You’ve mud in great patches all over
your skin!”

“I want to be like you, with spots on my face,
To sleep in a tree; to run, leap and race!”

“You can’t be a leopard, you’re too big and grey.
You’re a Javan rhino in every way!”



Ronald looks sad, unsure what to do.
He lets out a sigh, he’s feeling so blue.

“Why am I special?” he says with a tear.
“I live by myself, I have no friends here.”

“All of the animals have a grand trait.
Leopard has spots that make him just great.”

“I’ve got it!” he cries, with a smile on his face,
And he wiggles and jiggles all over the place.

“I’ll be a python, my body so strong,
With smooth patterned skin and a tongue nice and long!”

He starts right away and gets down on
the ground.

He slides through the mud with a
terrible sound.

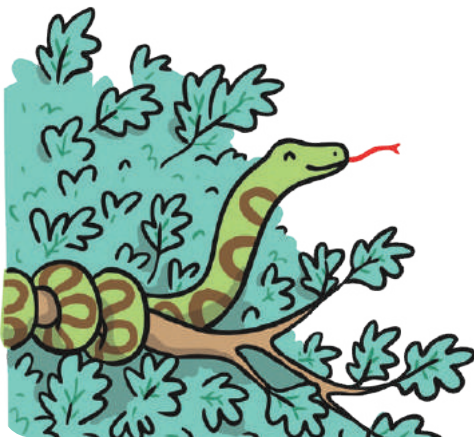
But as Ronald moves, he lets out a wail;
His body is sore and bent round like a snail.

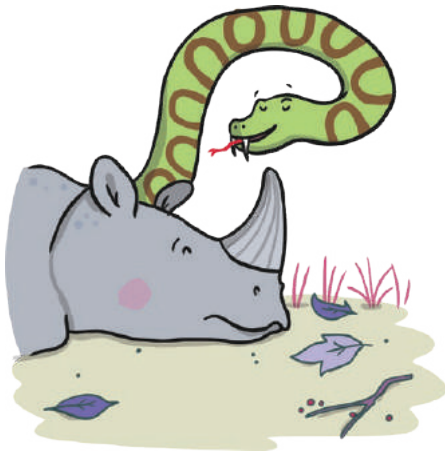


Out in the bushes, now Python can see
What the young rhino is trying to be.

“Why are you moving around like a
snake?”

Your back is all bent; I saw your
legs shake!”





“I want to be like you, on the rough
jungle ground,
Slowly and smoothly sliding around.”

“You can’t be a python, your skin is
too rough,
Your horn is too hard and your feet
are too tough.”

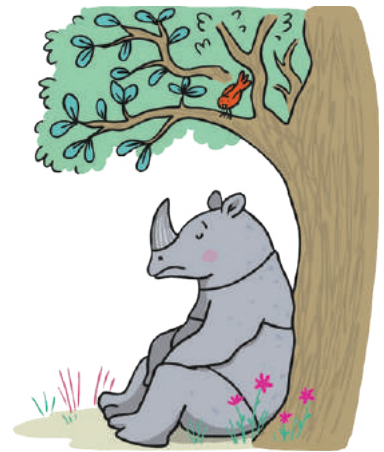
Ronald sits down, his head hanging low.
What could he be? He just doesn’t know.

“Why am I special?” he says with a tear.
“I live by myself, I have no friends here.

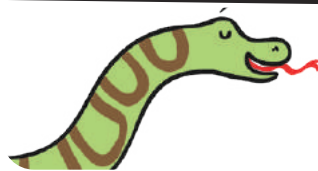
All of the animals have a grand trait.
Python slides smoothly, which makes him
just great.”

Leopard and Python see Ronald so glum,
So they cook up a plan to cheer up their chum.

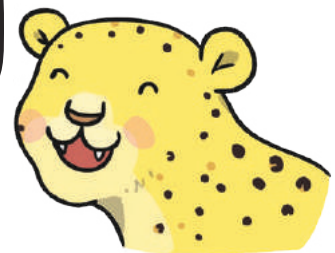
“We’ve got it!” they say, looking down at his face.
Ronald wiggles and jiggles all over the place.

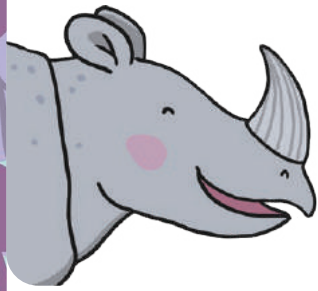


His skin is tough and looks like great armour,
His eyes sparkle brightly – he’s a real charmer!



His legs are so strong and his horn is the best.
The animals love him, as you may have guessed.





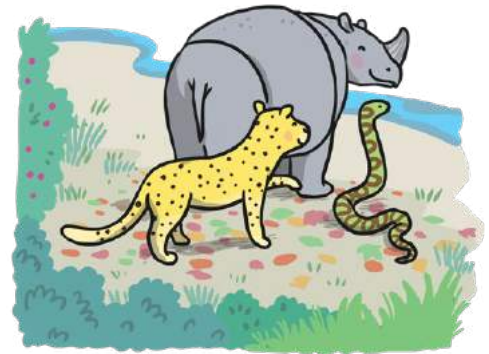
“I want to be like him!” Ronald cries out,
His eyes shining bright as his feet dance about.

So into the forest they set off to find
This mystery animal that might change his mind.

They come to a clearing, with few trees
around,
With a beautiful stream; no one to be
found.

Leopard says with a smile, “He lives just
down there.”

Across the wet ground, he approaches
with care.



Ronald moves closer to look at the beast,
His heart all aflutter, his brow lined and creased.

He looks hard for a moment, his eyes flashing fast.
The water is silty with mud flowing past.

He stops as he sees it and then gasps out loud.
Leopard and Python could cry, they’re so proud.

He grins at the animal that he can see,

“By golly,

It’s amazing,

It’s wonderfully...



Me!”

Questions

1. What kind of animal is Ronald? **Tick one.**

- a snake
 a leopard
 a rhino

2. How does Ronald feel at the start of the story? **Tick one.**

- angry
 sad
 bored

3. What does Ronald use to paint spots on his body? **Tick one.**

- berries
 water
 mud

4. Who is the mystery animal that Ronald finds in the water? **Tick one.**

- an elephant
 a bird
 himself

5. Number the events below to show the order in which they happen in the story. The first one has been done for you.

Ronald crawls on the floor like a python.	
Ronald's friends take him to a stream.	
Ronald sees himself in the water.	
Ronald paints spots on his body to look like a leopard.	1

Questions

1. Why is Ronald sad.

- Because he is hungry.
- Because he wants to be special.
- Because he is lost.

2. Which animal does Ronald try to be like first?

3. How does Ronald feel when he wiggles and jiggles.

- sad
- angry
- excited

4. Fill in the missing word.

You can't be a python, your skin is too _____.

5. Why do Ronald's friends take him to the stream?

- So that Leopard can swim.
- So that Python can have a drink.
- So that Ronald can see himself in the water.

Questions

1. Describe how Ronald feels at the start of the story.

2. Which of these words is another word for 'special'?

- unique
- beautiful
- trait

3. Which two animals does Ronald try to copy?

4. Draw lines to complete the sentences below.

You can't be a leopard, you're too ●

● horn is the best.

You can't be a python, your skin ●

● big and grey.

His legs are so strong and his ●

● is too tough.

5. Find and write three adjectives from the story.

6. Why is Ronald happy when he sees himself in the water?

Wednesday Mentals - Week 10

How many days are in a week?

How many days are in 2 weeks?

What is another word for 2 weeks?

Fill in the missing numbers in these number sentences.

$10 - \underline{\quad} = 7$

$8 - \underline{\quad} = 3$

$11 - \underline{\quad} = 6$

$5 - \underline{\quad} = 1$

Double these numbers.

$8 \underline{\quad}$

$6 \underline{\quad}$

$7 \underline{\quad}$

$10 \underline{\quad}$

$4 \underline{\quad}$

$2 \underline{\quad}$

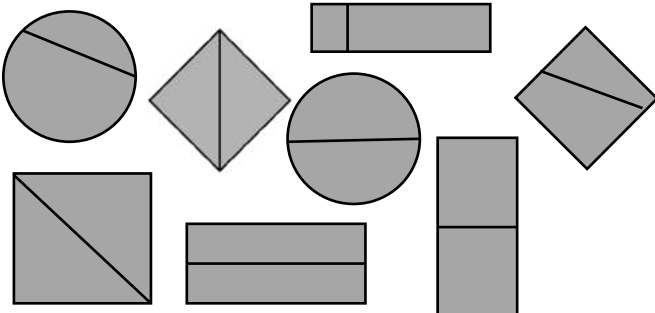
Fill in the missing numbers

2	4			
12			18	

Count on by 2:

28 _____

Colour the shapes that have been divided into halves



What time is shown on the clock?



_____ : _____

What was the time, one hour earlier?

Complete these 'friends of 20' sums.

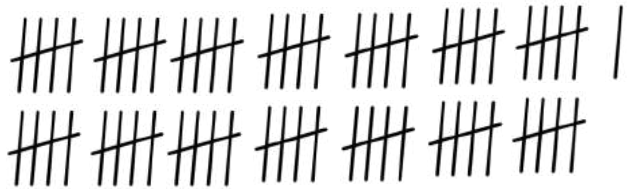
If

$6 + 4 = 10$ then $16 + 4 = 20$

$8 + 2 = 10$ so $18 + \underline{\quad} = 20$

$5 + 5 = 10$ so $15 + \underline{\quad} = 20$

How many does the tally show?



Count backwards by 2:

22 20 _____

30 28 _____

Write the expanded form for these numbers.

$79 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$58 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$134 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

Super Carers!

Based on *Who's Your Real Mum?* by Bernadette Green and Anna Zobel



Listen to Mrs Vitnell read a story here:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rVRTgk5oovoqyCl_ywDEwTdTM6WFg9M1/view?usp=sharing and then complete the worksheet.

Families are made up of lots of different people. Elvi had two mums.
Draw your family and label who they are to you.

A large, empty rectangular box with a black border, intended for drawing a family.Two empty rectangular boxes with black borders, positioned side-by-side. The left box is for drawing and the right box is for writing.

Elvi's mums could do the most amazing things according to Elvi! Do you think that her mums could really do all those things or was it just in her imagination? Use your imagination to draw and write something 'unreal' that your mum/dad/special person can do!

Elvi's mums tuck her into bed, kiss her goodnight, hold her when she is scared. What is one thing that you enjoy most of all doing with your mum/dad/special person? Draw a picture above.

Lighthouse



© Mathieu Rivrin/Solent News

Rainforest



Spelling Activities

RAINBOW WRITING

Write your spelling words in rainbow writing.

r a i n b o w

ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Write your spelling words in alphabetical order.

ABC

SENTENCE WRITING

Choose 5 spelling words and write a sentence for each of them.

The cat was hungry.

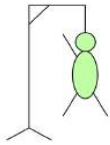
PYRAMID WORDS

Write your spelling words in a pyramid.

c
ca
cat

SPELLING HANGMAN

Play spelling hangman with a partner.



MAGAZINE SEARCH

From a magazine, cut out and glue the letters of your spelling words.

c a t

SMALLER WORDS

Search for smaller words in all of your spelling words.

Yellow

COOL WORDS

Write your spelling words using cool letters.

COOL

Dolch Second Grade Cloze Activity 4

Name: _____

Write the best word on the line.

I (see, wish, this) _____ I could sleep
at your house.

(Because, Think, Black) _____ it is
cold, she said he would need a hat.

Don't sit (look, funny, upon) _____
the big bed.

Will you read the book fast so I can (read,
many, off) _____ it?

_____ Would you sit on the bench with
_____ (think, like, us)?

They made too many cookies (for, think,
write) _____ their class.

Did he pull (off, sit, we) _____ his
hat?



Thursday 16th September, 2021



p q p q p q p q p



P Q P Q P Q P Q



Penny found a quiet quail sitting



propped up on a plum tree in a



potato field.



Thursday Mentals - Week 10

What comes next?

55 60 65 _____

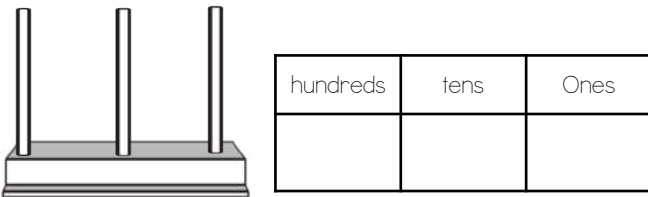
30 35 40 _____

Solve these subtraction problems:

$12 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$ $7 - 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$11 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$ $8 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$

Show 150 on the abacus:



7 tens + 4 ones = 74, So

9 tens + 1 ones = _____

2 tens + 0 ones = _____

Shade the even numbers:

1	6	47	50	38	35
42	23	2	17	64	19

What time is on the clock?

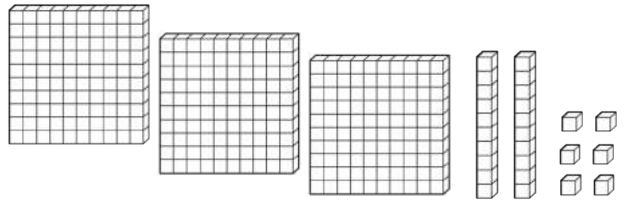
_____ : _____



Show 9:30 on the clock:



How many?



hundreds	tens	Ones

Write the expanded form

_____ + _____ + _____ = _____

Complete these turn around facts

$11 - 5 = 6$ and $11 - 6 = 5$ so,

$10 - 7 = \underline{\quad}$ and $10 - \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$8 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$ and $8 - \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

Write the number sentence to match the word problem:

Jack read 3 books on Monday and 5 books on Tuesday. How many books did he read?

_____ + _____ = _____

Name: _____



Edges: _____

Corners: _____

Faces: _____

Dolch Second Grade Cloze Activity 5

Name: _____

Write the best word on the line.

Would you (big, why, sit) _____ on
the bench with us?

(Before, Big, New) _____ school, she
found their ball under the table.

Why did you (write, sing, pull) _____
its tail?

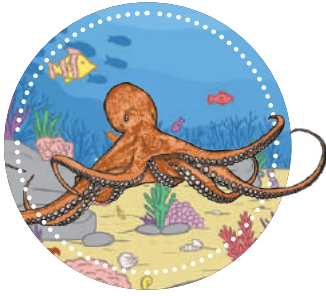
_____ Does he jump off (those, think funny)
_____ stairs?

_____ Both of the boys (which, call, use)
_____ the big scissors.

_____ She will sit in the very (of, first, five)
_____ chair.

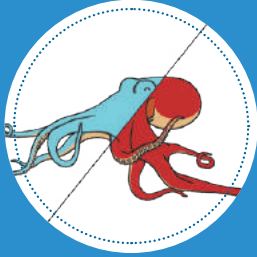
(Does, Cold, You) _____ he jump off
those stairs?

Octopuses

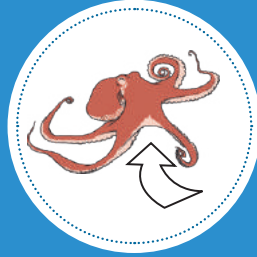


What Do Octopuses Look Like?

Octopuses live in oceans all over the world. They have six arms, two legs and three hearts.



Octopuses can change their skin colour to hide from creatures.



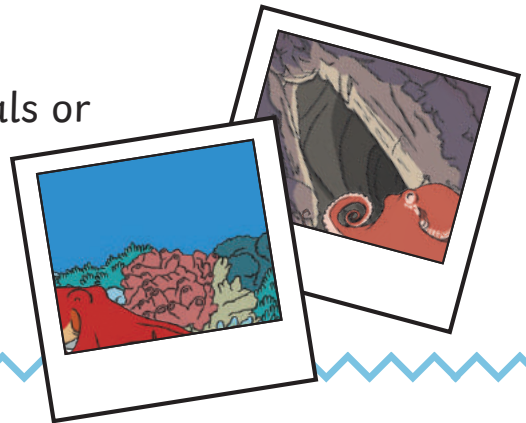
They have a sharp beak to break open shells on crabs.



They shoot a dark liquid when they are afraid. This is called ink.

Where Do Octopuses Live?

Many octopuses live in gaps within corals or in caves near the bottom of the ocean. Some build homes from rocks. They like to be on their own.



What Do Octopuses Eat?

Octopuses eat meat. They hunt for food like crabs and shrimp. Octopuses creep up on creatures. They catch creatures with their strong arms and bite them with their sharp beak.

Questions

1. How many hearts does an octopus have? Tick one.

- one
- two
- three

2. Which word describes an octopus's beak? Tick one.

- sharp
- short
- soft

3. What is the name of the dark liquid that octopuses shoot? Tick one.

- petrol
- ink
- oil

4. What do octopuses eat? Tick one.

- rocks
- meat
- plants

5. What do some octopuses build their homes out of? Tick one.

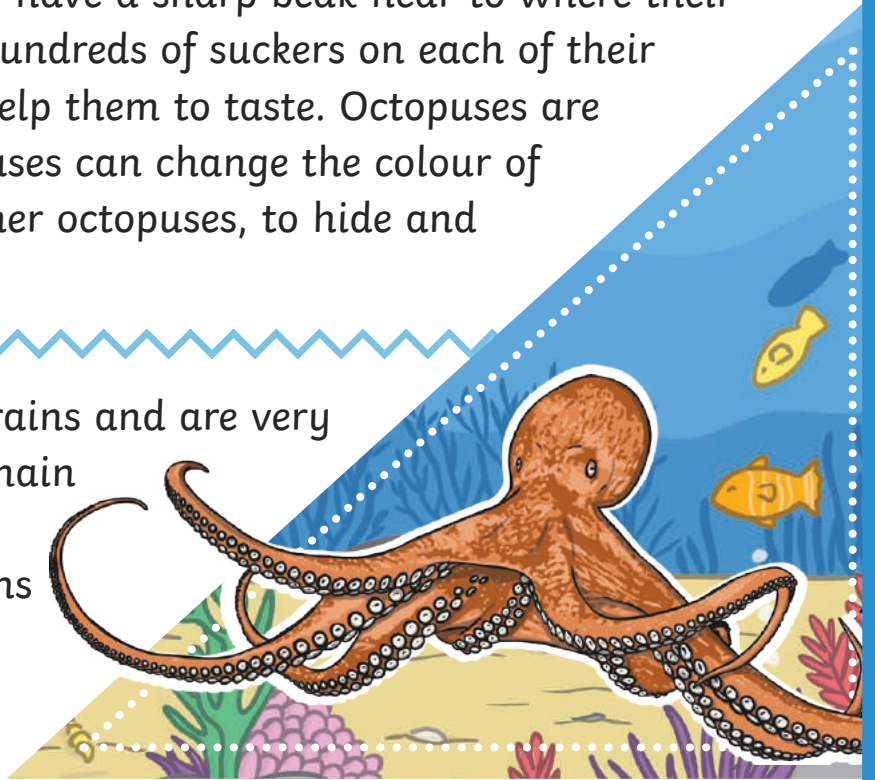
- rocks
- shells
- plants

Octopuses

What Do Octopuses Look Like?

Octopuses are boneless sea creatures with six arms, two legs and a large head. They have a sharp beak near to where their arms join. They have hundreds of suckers on each of their arms and legs which help them to taste. Octopuses are great at hiding. Octopuses can change the colour of their skin to talk to other octopuses, to hide and to hunt.

Octopuses have nine brains and are very clever. They have one main brain and one in each arm and leg. This means they can do lots of different things at the same time.



Did You Know...?

Octopuses have three hearts and blue blood!

Where Do Octopuses Live?

Octopuses live in all of the world's oceans. Some live in coral reefs near the surface while others live in underwater caves near the bottom of the ocean. Some even build their own dens out of rocks. They like to live and hunt on their own.

What Do Octopuses Eat?

Octopuses eat meat. They hunt for food like crabs and shrimp. They creep up on the creature and catch it with their strong arms. The octopus then bites the creature with its sharp, poisonous beak.

Did You Know...?

The octopus wolfi weighs less than a paperclip!

Questions

1. What do octopuses have on each arm? Tick one.

- stripes
- spots
- suckers

2. Why do octopuses change their skin colour? Tick **two**.

- to talk to other octopuses
- to hunt
- to make friends

3. Fill in the missing word:

Octopuses have nine _____.

4. Draw three lines and complete each sentence.

Octopuses live in ...

their own dens out
of rocks.

Octopuses hunt for ...

all of the world's
oceans.

Some octopuses
build ...

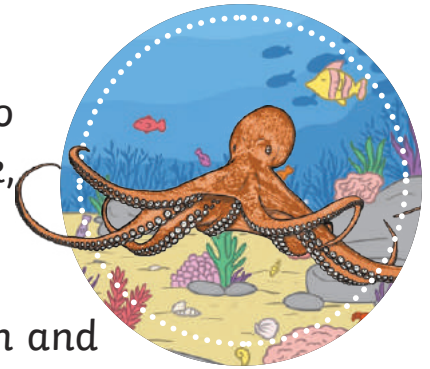
food like crabs and
shrimp.

5. How much does the octopus wolji weigh?

Octopuses

What Do Octopuses Look Like?

Octopuses are sea creatures with six arms, two legs and a large head. They have a sharp beak, like a parrot, near to where their arms join. They have hundreds of suckers on each of their arms and legs which help them to touch and taste. Octopuses are great at hiding. They can change the colour of their skin to talk to other octopuses, to hide and to hunt.



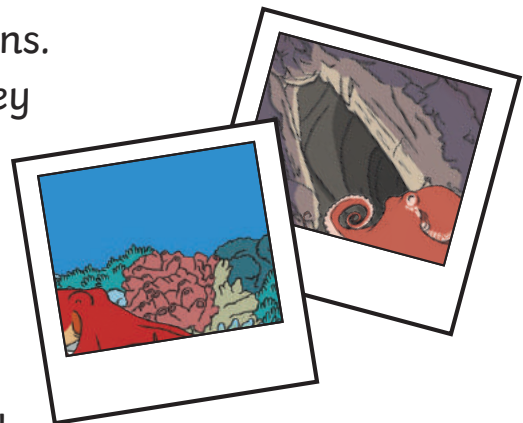
Did You Know...?

The octopus wolfi weighs less than a paperclip!

Octopuses are very unusual. They have three hearts, blue blood and nine brains. They have one large brain in their head and eight smaller ones in each arm and leg. This means that they can do lots of different things at the same time.

Where Do Octopuses Live?

Octopuses live in all of the world's oceans. They are invertebrates which means they don't have a backbone. Some octopuses live in coral reefs and squeeze themselves into tiny gaps. Other octopuses live in underwater caves near the bottom of the ocean. Some use their strong arms to build their own dens out of rocks. Some even give their dens a rock door that they can pull closed behind them. They like to live and hunt on their own.



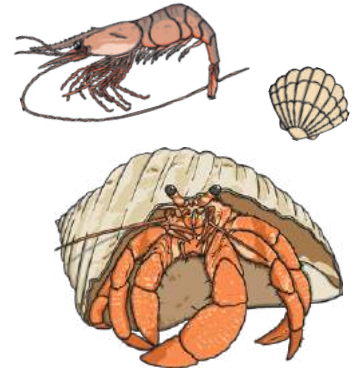


Did You Know...?

All octopuses are venomous but the blue-ringed octopus is the only one that is deadly to humans.

What Do Octopuses Eat?

Octopuses are carnivores. This means they only eat meat. They like to sneak up on their prey and then pounce. They wrap it in their six arms and bite it with their strong, venomous beak. Octopuses eat crabs, shrimp and clams. Some larger octopuses eat birds or sharks.



How Do They Protect Themselves?

Octopuses protect themselves by hiding from predators.

They change the colour and texture of their skin to camouflage with the area around them.

They can even lose an arm if a predator catches them as their arms grow back.

They shoot a dark liquid called ink at their predators if they get scared. Then, they can quickly escape.

Questions

1. How do octopuses talk to each other?

2. Octopuses have three...? Tick one.

- arms
- brains
- hearts

3. Find and copy one word that means 'a creature that doesn't have a backbone'.

4. Which part of an octopus is venomous? Tick one.

- suckers
- arms
- beak

5. How does an octopus protect itself from predators?

6. How big do you think the octopus wolfi is? Give a reason for your answer.

Friday Mentals - Week 10

If today is Wednesday, what day will tomorrow be?

Write the name of the month:

Order these numbers from smallest to biggest:

201 198 214 220

S					B
---	--	--	--	--	---

Double these numbers.

4 ____ 9 ____ 3 ____

8 ____ 6 ____ 10 ____

What comes after?

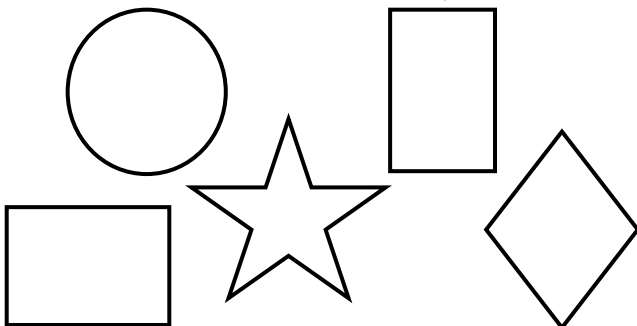
184 ____ 192 ____ 103 ____

211 ____ 417 ____ 205 ____

Fill in the missing numbers:

62		66	68	
	74			80

Shade 1/2 of each of these shapes:



What time is shown on the clock?



_____ : _____

What will the time be in half an hour?

Complete these 'friends of 20' sums.

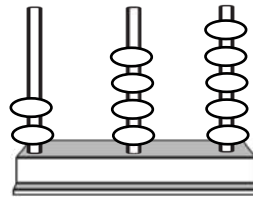
If

$$1 + 9 = 10 \quad \text{then} \quad \underline{11} + 9 = 20$$

$$3 + 7 = 10 \quad \text{so} \quad \underline{13} + \underline{\quad} = 20$$

$$8 + 2 = 10 \quad \text{so} \quad \underline{18} + \underline{\quad} = 20$$

How many does the abacus show?



Write the expanded form:

$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Count on by 5:

5 _____

40 _____

Write the expanded form for these numbers.

$$66 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$261 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

Party Shopping List

